

KMA254 Past Exams. Question 1 (2010 Backwards)

2010

1. Find the general solutions to the following first-order ODEs:

(a) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{1+y^2}$

[HINT: It may be helpful to use $\int \frac{dy}{\sqrt{1+y^2}} = \operatorname{arcsinh}(y)$.]

[6 points]

(b) $\frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = e^{-5x}$

[6 points]

(c) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \left(\frac{y}{x}\right) - \frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^4$

[8 points]

2009

1. Find the general solutions to the following first-order ODEs:

(a) $\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = e^{-2x}$

[6 points]

(b) $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - y^2$

[HINT: It may be helpful to use $\frac{1}{1-y^2} = \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{1-y} + \frac{1}{1+y}\right)$.]

[7 points]

(c) $\frac{dy}{dx} + y = xy^2$

[HINT: It may help to use $\int xe^{-x} dx = -(x+1)e^{-x}$.]

[7 points]

2008

1. Find the general solutions to the following first-order ODEs:

(a) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x^2}$

[6 points]

(b) $\frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy = x^3$

[HINT: It may help to use $\int x^3 e^{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 1)e^{x^2}$.]

[7 points]

(c) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(y+x)^2}{(y+x)^2 + 1}$

[HINT: Try making the change of variable $u = y + x$.

It is not necessary to solve explicitly for y in terms of x .]

[7 points]

2007

1. Find the general solutions to the following first-order ODEs:

(a) $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy^2$

[5 points]

(b) $\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 5 \sin x$

[HINT: It may help to use $\int e^{2x} \sin x dx = \frac{1}{5} e^{2x} (2 \sin x - \cos x)$.]

[7 points]

(c) $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{1}{x}y = xy^2$

[8 points]

2006

1. Find the general solutions to the following first-order ODEs:

(a) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1+x}{\cos y}$

[6 points]

(b) $\frac{dy}{dt} + 3y = \cos t$

[HINT: It may help to use $\int e^{3t} \cos t dt = \frac{1}{10} e^{3t} (3 \cos t + \sin t)$.]

[6 points]

(c) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^2 + 3\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) + 1$

[8 points]

2005

1. Find the general solutions to the following first-order ODEs:

(a) $\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 6e^{-4x}$

[6 points]

(b) $\frac{dy}{dx} = ky(1-y)$

[7 points]

(c) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} + \frac{x}{y}$

[7 points]

2004

1. Find the general solutions to the following first-order ODEs:

(a) $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = x$

[4 points]

(b) $\frac{dy}{dx} = (y + 4x)^2$

[HINT: Put $u = y + 4x$. It may help to use $\int \frac{du}{u^2 + a^2} = \frac{1}{a} \arctan\left(\frac{u}{a}\right)$.]

[8 points]

(c) $\frac{dy}{dx} + y = -xy^{-1}$

[8 points]

2003

1. Find the general solutions to the following first-order ODEs:

(a) $\sin t \frac{dy}{dt} = y \cos t$

[5 points]

(b) $xy \frac{dy}{dx} = 2y^2 + 4x^2$

[7 points]

(c) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^2 + 3\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) + 1$

[8 points]

2002

1. Find the general solutions to the following first-order ODEs:

(a) $x^3 \frac{dy}{dx} + 3x^2 y = \frac{1}{x}$

[5 points]

(b) $x \frac{dy}{dx} = (y-x)^3 + y$

[HINT: It may help to make the change of variables $v = y/x$.]

[7 points]

(c) $\frac{dy}{dx} + xy = xy^{-1}$

[8 points]